Year 6 Long term plan Outcomes

	Persuade	Inform	Entertain D	Discuss	
Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Learning Journey 1	Learning Journey 1	Learning Journey 1	Learning Journey 1	Learning Journey 1	Learning Journey 1
Text: Way home Way Home Libity Hallorn Gregory Rogers Outcome: Letter to parents (P) SOA:	Text: Dulce et Decorum est & Dreadful Menace Wilfred Owen Dulce Decorum Est Outcome: Poetry (E) SOA: Remembrance Day Biography (I)	Text: Ice Trap (HIAS) ICE TRAP! Shocketon's Incredible Expedition Outcome: Diary Entry (I) SOA: Dialogue (E)	Text: Boy in the Tower BOY TOWER POLLY HO-YEN Outcome: Informal letter home to mum (I) SOA: Speech (P)	Text: Three Little Pigs film https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vDGrfhJH1P4 Outcome: Speech (P) (I) SOA: Retell/ narrative (E)	Text: The Lumberjack's Beard LUMBERJACK'S BEARD DUNCAN BEEDIE Outcome: Diary POV of one of the animals (I) (E) SOA:
Main focus is sentence structure - SOA.	<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Objectives</u>
Objectives Objectives	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) Use commas and	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) Assured and conscious	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) The difference between	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) Use a wide range of	Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) Understand and apple the difference between
	hyphens to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity (Y5/6) NC Use of expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely (Y5/6) NC	controls over levels of formality (Y6) Understand/apply the difference between vocabulary typical of informal speech and	structures typical of formal and informal speech and writing (Y6) Assured and conscious controls over levels of formality (Y6)	clause structures, sometimes varying their position within the sentence (Y5) Use of the semicolon, colon and dash mark to mark the boundary	the difference between formal and informal vocabulary (Y6) Use the structures appropriate for formal speech and writing (Y6)

	Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility (Y6) NC Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using '-ate', '-ise' or '-ify' (Y5) I can use figurative language (Y6) Use a thesaurus (Y6)	vocabulary appropriate for formal speech (Y6) Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices (word repetition, adverbs and ellipsis) (Y6) In narrative, integrate dialogue to convey character and advance action (Y6)	Use the structures typical of informal speech (Y6) Punctuation to indicate parenthesis (Y6)	between independent clauses (Y6) Punctuation to indicate parenthesis (Y6) Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader (Y6)	Use a colon to introduce a list and a semi colon within a list (Y6) Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility (Y6)
Learning Journey 2	Learning Journey 2	Learning Journey 2	Learning Journey 2	Learning Journey 2	Learning Journey 2
Text: Gravehunger (HIAS Year 5) Harriet Goodwin Unlock the glostly secret Outcome: Estate Agent Listing (P) SOA: Diary Entry	Text: Literacy shed Video: The christmas truce Outcome: Retell (E) SOA: Dialogue (E)	Text: Everest ALEXANDRA STEMART JOE TOOD-STANTON EVEREST HE REMARKABLE STORY OF POPULARY AND TENZING NORGAY Outcome: Suspense narrative (I) SOA:	Text: Boy in the Tower BOY Nor-Chronological report on a Blucher (I) SOA: Instructions on how kill a Blucher (I)	Text:Alma (Literacy Shed) Outcome: Suspense Narrative (E) SOA:	Text: Rang-Tan Video https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=JdpspllW I2o Outcome: Poetry (E) Persuasive letter (P) SOA: Dialogue (E)/ Non-chronological report Orangutan (I)

		<u>Objectives</u>	<u>Objectives</u>	Poetry objectives
Indicate degrees of possibility using adverbs and/or modal verbs (Y5) Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely (Y5/6) Identify aud and purpose riting (Y6) In narrative, dialogue to a character areacter areaction (Y6)	of w of integrate convey	Use adverbs and expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information precisely (Y5/6) Ensure correct use of tense is used throughout a piece of writing (Y6)	The difference between structures typical of formal and informal speech and writing (Y6) In narrative, integrate dialogue to convey character and advance	Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using '-ate', '-ise' or '-ify' (Y5) I can use figurative language (Y6)
Use of colons to introduce a list and use semi-colons within lists (Y6) Punctuation of bullet points to list information (Y6) Choose appropriate register for the audience (formal/informal) (Y5) Use modal vadverbs to in levels of possible formal parenthesis. Ensure corretense is used a piece of with the detail of the colon of	clauses (Y6) erbs and edicate sibility (Y6) ets, dashes to show (Y6) ect use of I throughout	Use further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader (Y6) Punctuate bullet points consistently (Y6)	Linking ideas across paragraphs using a wider range of cohesive devices (Y6)	In narratives describe settings, characters and atmosphere (Y6) Use a thesaurus (Y6) Persuasive letter outcomes Identify the audience for and purpose of the writing (Y6) Understand and apple the difference between formal and informal vocabulary (Y6) Use the structures appropriate for formal speech and writing (Y6) Use a colon to introduce a list and a semi colon within a list (Y6) Use modal verbs or adverbs to indicate degrees of possibility

Editing objectives throughout all pieces of writing:

- Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning
 Ensuring the consistent and correct use of tense throughout a piece of writing
- Proof-reading for spelling and punctuation errors